NEWPORT MERCURY.

1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1799. [No. 1951.]

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For CHARLESTON (S. Carolina)
The BRIG KING SOLOMON,
DAVID M. COGGESHALL, Master,
She has good Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail by the 20th of September. For Freight or Passage apply to BENJAMIN HILL, next Northward of the Store of Messrs. Gibbs & Channing, in Thames-street, or to the Master on board at Capt. Benedict Smith's Wharf, on the Point.

Newport, August 27, 1799.

THOSE Persons that have any Demands against the Ship *De Jonge Jan Jacob*, are requested to bring them in by the 14th September next, to the Subscriber, for Settlement.

TJEBBEE SWART.

Newport, August 26, 1799.

ABSENTED himself from the Service of the Subscriber, an Apprentice Boy, named JAMES WILCOX, about nineteen Years of Age.

All Masters of Vessels and others, are forbid carrying off, harbouring, employing or trusting said Boy with any Thing whatsoever, on the Penalty of the Law.

CLARKE COOK.

Newport, August 26, 1799.

TO BE LET,
THE lower Part of a House, consisting of five Rooms, in a convenient Part of the Town. Inquire of the Printer

Newport, August 26, 1799.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.
DESERTED from a Detachment of the 2d Regiment of Artillery and Engineers, under my Command, NATHAN STODDARD, a private, aged 37 Years, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, dark Eyes, Hair and Complexion, born in Groton, State of Connecticut, last Place of Residence Stratford, Vermont. Had on a Uniform Coat, fancy Vest, Linen Overalls, and round Hat.

Whoever will apprehend said Deserter, and deliver him to me, at this Place, or to any military Officer within the United States, shall receive the above Reward.

H. LEONARD, *Lieut.*

Fort Adams, August 20, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING
HAVE FOR SALE,
ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality —Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions— Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.
BY THE PACKAGE.
Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedtickings; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong } Teas, per Chest or
Bohea } smaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by
JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 25, 1799.

Was FOUND, on Saturday last in one of the Streets of Newport, a small Sum of MONEY.——The Owner by describing it, and paying Charges, may have it again.—Apply to the Printer.

Aug. 13.

JOHN BOURS,
At the Sign of the EAGLE,
INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

Newport, June 10, 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN
Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Surinam and Havanna MOLASSES, by the Hogshead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Island Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Barrel; Mess and prime Pork and Beef by the Barrel; Rice by the Cask; Whale Oil by the Ton; Rock Salt by the Hundred Bushels, or less Quantity; Pilot Bread by the Barrel; and Two Pair of Three-Pound Cannon, with all their Apparatus complete.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

NEW GOODS.
JOHN BOURS, jun.
Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, *and the* PUBLIC *in general,*
That he has just received, at his STORE, *opposite General* MARTIN's,
A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.

Also, One Box of Gentlemens' TRUXTON HATS.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

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JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,
Having opened a Store on Banister's Wharf, beg Leave to inform their Friends and the Public in general, that they have for Sale,
LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

☞ They have also for Sale, INDIAN CORN, by the Bushel or larger Quantity, Flour by the Barrel, and 100 Barrels Rosin.

Newport, Aug. 5, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON
Informs his Friends and Customers, that he has removed from the House he lately improved, in Thames-street, to that large and elegant House nearly opposite—formerly occupied by the late Governor Wanton, where he has for sale,
A FRESH Supply of English GOODS, suitable for the Season, among which are,——Cassimetres, Fancy Vesting, Calicoes and Chinzes, Satins, Modes, Lutestrings, Tiffanies, Ladies Beaver Hats, Sheetings, Dowlasses, Bed-Ticking, Britannias, Irish Linens, and a great Variety of other Articles, as Cheap for Cash as at any Store in the State.

Also, just Received, Gentlemen and Ladies Umbrellas—India Lutestrings—Nankeens, &c.

Newport, July 22, 1799.

LOST,
On the 8th Instant, in or near the Red-Market,
A large Morocco POCKET BOOK, containing some Money, and a Number of Papers, of little or no Use to any Person but the Owner.——Whoever has found the same, and will deliver it to Mr. Robert Dunbar, Clerk of the Market, shall receive TWENTY DOLLARS Reward, and no Questions asked.

PARDON TILLINGHAST.

Newport, Aug. 13, 1799.

EXTRACT
From Notes to Mr. LIVERMORE's Oration, delivered at Portsmouth (N. H.) on the seventeenth of July.

VOLTAIRE, d'Alembert, Frederick II. King of Prussia, with others, had conspired to destroy all religious opinions.—The doctrines they propagated were, that *the universal cause*—that God of the Philosophers, of the Jews, and of the Christians, is but a chimera and a phantom. Imagination daily creates fresh chimeras, which raise in them that impulse of fear, and such is the phantom of Deity. That the phenomena of nature, only proves the existence of God to a few prepossessed men—that the wonders of nature, so far from bespeaking God, are but the necessary efforts of matter prodigiously diversified, that they cannot know whether a God really exists, or whether there really exists the smallest difference between good and evil, or vice and virtue; that every thing that is called spirit or soul has no more reality than the phantoms, the chimeras or sphinxes; that all the justice or injustice, of virtue and vice, glory and infamy, are merely arbitrary and dependent on custom. That sublime virtue, enlightened wisdom, are only the fruits of those passions, called folly—And that the fear of God, so far from being the beginning of wisdom, would be the beginning of folly—In short, that matter is God, and the only God existing—and that death is an eternal sleep! But their malice was particularly levelled against the Christian religion, being the religion of their country—no matter what sect or denomination.—*Crush the wretch* was the maxim of Voltaire, and with which he concluded all his letters to his disciples, meaning *Crush Christ's, crush the Christian Religion*—and in the course of their labors they frequently would exult that they had attained their end.—Infidelity spread throughout Europe; and in the year 1770, when Louis 16th ascended the throne, he unknowingly chose for his ministers some of those infidel conspirators, except one, whom Voltaire calls a bigot, he being the only man of any religion, among them. Previous to this time, the King of Prussia, had seceded from the conspiracy, finding their aims were something further than the destruction of religion, viz. the destruction of thrones, and warns the King of France of his danger; but to no purpose; the unsuspecting Louis is eventually to be ruined. Another conspiracy had been formed in Germany, by Sparticus Weishaupt. called the order of Illuminati—who built his orders of illuminism upon the orders of Freemsonary, with which they previously could have no connexion.—The following is the essence of his mysteries—"Liberty and Equality are the essential rights that man in his original and primitive perfection received from nature. *Property* struck the first blow at *Equality*; political society, or governments, were the first oppressors of liberty; *the supporters of governments and property are the religious and civil laws*; therefore, to reinstate man in his primitive rights of equality and liberty, we must begin by destroying all religion, all civil society, and finish by the destruction of all property." About the year 1789, or perhaps previous, these hellish conspiracies were united, and formed at Paris the society of Propagandists and the society of the Jacobins. The Jacobins took their name from the place of their meeting being a monastery dedicated to St. James—in latin Jacobus. At the head of the Propagandists was Condortet, and the Abbe Sieyes; and of the Jacobins, Brissot, and Robespierre and others—their objects were pretty much the same, viz. to destroy all religion, morality and government, and equalize property. How they have succeeded in France we very well know, and of their attempts in other countries (especially our own) we are pretty well informed. The providence of God has been wonderfully displayed in the deaths of the wretched conspirators. Except Frederick, not one, that we have any evidence of, died calmly in his infidelity—and Frederick, a short time before the death of Voltaire, wrote to him to know for a certainty, whether he had a soul; and upon assurances that he had not, seemed to console himself, and afterwards died with composure. This was his only hope, his wickedness was too great for reflection. But Voltaire, the great Antichrist (for neither Julian, or Nero, or Diocesian, or Mahomet, or any other being who has appeared to mankind, so well answers the description) died in horrors, in the 84th year of his age. Finding his end approaching, he called upon a priest of that Jesus he had sworn to crush—he is in an agony for his past offences, and wishes for absolution—Condorcet is confounded, d'Alembert, Diderot and others approach him only to be accused, the arch devil believes and trembles, he signs a written recantation of his infidelity, and died a death worse than a malefactor, the worm that never dies knawing upon him—and hideous spectres terrifying his imagination, and aggrivating his horrid fate—in plaintive accents she would cry out—Oh Christ—Oh Jesus Christ—and then complain that he was abandoned by God and man. An unknown hand seemed to trace before his eyes—*Crush, do crush the wretch.* Richelieu flies from the bedside, declaring the sight too horrible—Mr. Tronchin, his physician, says, "that the furies of Orestes could give but a faint idea of those of Voltaire."

D'Alembert, died five years afterwards, even by the confession of Condorcet (who carefuly watched him) a prey to remorse.

Diderot, finding his end approaching, asked to see a clergyman—a Mr. Trefac, rector of St. Sulpice, waits upon him, and Diderot was preparing a public recantation of his errors, but being watched by the conspirators is seized and carried into the country, and dies.

Condorcet, being obliged to fly from Paris, is arrested as a vagabond in the country, imprisoned, and, through forgetfulness of the jailor, is suffered to starve to death, No one was present to witness his last agonies.

Brissot and his infidel companions, to the amount of about twenty, while on their way to the guillotine, had a short conference (for their time was short) upon the immortality of the soul, and it was concluded the soul was *immortal.*

The horrid Roland and his wife, writers in the Encyclopedia, perished on the scaffold, their deaths embittered by the recollection of their past lives. Robespierre having his jaws sadly broken when he was arrested, they were bound up with a cambrick handkerchief, and being pinioned, he lay about 24 hours drinking his own blood to prevent suffocation; and at the scaffold, having the handkerchief torn off by the avaricious and merciless executioner, he screeched with pain and shuddered with terrors at his fate. This I had from a gentleman who was an eye witness of his execution. It would be almost endless to recount the terrible deaths of these wretches. A few are still living—The Abbey Sieyes, a grand leader, the apostate bishop of Autun, Volney and others, who are mere scavingers; and Tallien, whose only merit was the destruction of Robespierre, will probably be either the food of a crocodile upon the Nile, impaled alive by the Turks, or dried to an Egptian mummy in the desert. For according to Volney, such is the excessive heat and aridity, that flesh does not putrify, but dries up; and he has seen camels in perfect shape which have been found thus dried in the desert. I do not vouch for the truth of Volney; his countrymen in Egypt say both he and Savary are liars; and it will not be difficult to make the world believe the whole nation, with few exceptions, are the same.

By Arrivals at New-York and Boston.

RATISBON, June 13.

On the 11th inst. the Diet of the Empire, assembled here, received the following

Imperial Aulic Decree to the German Diet respecting the late Catastrophe near Rastadt.

HIS Imperial Majesty received on the 3d ult. the melancholy intelligence, in a report signed by the Margrave of Baden himself, that the French Ministers Plenipotentiary sent to the Congress of Peace with the Empire, were stopped late in the evening of the 28th of April, on their departure, in the night from Rastadt, (against which they had been advised by several persons) at a small distance from the said city, by a troop of people dressed in the Imperial military uniform, and that the Ministers Bonnier and Roberjot, were murdered by many cuts of sabres, but that the Minister Jean de Brey, who escaped

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from death only by an happy accident, had been much wounded, and all of them were robbed of a great part of their effects.

His Majesty is scarcely able to express by words the great shock his sentiments of justice and morality have received, and the whole force of the impression of abhorrence, which has been excited in him on the first account of this act of barbarity, committed on the territory of the German Empire, upon persons whose inviolability, was under the special guarantee of the right of nations; nor can his Majesty express the indelible impression which this disastrous catrastrophe has left in his revolted mind, which always entertains the most inviolable respect for the diguity of man, for morality and the sacred principles of the law of nations.

It is not by illiberal suspicion and rash conjectures, not by calumnious imputations and partial reports of audacious fictions, nor by the passionate sallies of a depraved heart and the licentious fabrications of foreign and domestic editors of public journals;—it is not by inimical representations calculated for an increase of power, for exactions of money, or for other secret designs, nor by furious speeches in conventions, and vindictive proclamations to the French Nation and all other States—but only by a conscientious, fair and impartial inquiry instituted according to the prescription of the laws, and conducted with every juridical rigor, that the horrid act may be traced in all its circumstances, its authors and accomplices be truly discovered, and the imputation of the offence be properly fixed both in a subjective and objective view.

To this end the most eligible directions and orders have accordingly been given, and his Imperial Majesty doth at the same time most solemnly declare before the general Diet of the Empire—of the whole public of Germany and all Europe together, that nothing short of the most perfect satisfaction, regardless of all other considerations shall gratify the just feelings of the chief of the empire, respecting him whom the impartial sentence of avenging justice may pronounce guilty.

But it is also the will of his Majesty the Emperor, that the manner in which this melancholy event happened, an event which his Majesty considers in various respects as *a national concern of Germany*, be not only examined with the most conscientious impartiality, and that the most perfect satisfaction be given:—but his Imperial Majesty further cherishes the most lively wish, and feels himself partly and most urgently induced to it by the domestic and foreign opinions encroaching upon the legal inquiry whole decision is thereby prejudged; that even the possibility of a suspicion of any connivance be removed, so that in this respect no sort of blame, owing to a want of the most deliberate attention shall be attributed either to the chief of the Empire himself, or to the Empire collectively taken.

In order to accomplish this design most effectually, the general Diet is hereby charged, upon mature deliberation; to appoint deputies of their own, who are to be present at the inquiry which has been opened, and to advise every thing which a patriotic and noble frankness as to the steps, which is to be taken as soon as possible, with regard to whatever the importance of so unheard of and detestable an event may in its wisdom and prudence seem to require: and thus farther to convince the whole impartial world by giving its conjoint advice that both the Emperor and Empire are animated with the same uniform sentiments for the execution of the most rigorous justice, and the granting of the most perfect satisfaction, and by an equal and just abhorrence of so ruthless and infamous an act; as well as by an equal and dutiful respect of morality and the sacred principles of the law of nations.

His Roman and Imperial Majesty expects therefore the advice of the Empire with all possible speed, and with all the fervency of his wishes as Chief of the Empire. His Majesty remains in other respects, &c.

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IV. Only a Commission of four states of the Empire shall be desired, which, excluding the Imperial cities, shall consist of two Protestant and two Popish deputies.

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VI. That the Emperor shall be intreated, to give directions to the military commission which is already subsisting to communicate all its deputation, and to make the said commission conform itself to propositions of the latter.

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Arrived at Newcastle, ship Prosperity, Joughan, in 48 days from Ireland, from whence she sailed the 8th July; brings one hundred and fifty passengers.

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The offices of the four departments of the General Government it is expected will be removed, and probably opened for business, in the course of this week. The Secretary of the Navy, the Post-Master General, the Comptroller of the Treasury, the Register of the Treasury, and the Auditor have arrived in town.

NEW-YORK, August 27.

We have noticed with satisfaction, in a former paper the abundance of the early summer crops. With respect to the maize and other autumnal crops, the prospect is by no means flattering. Over a great extent of the northern and middle states, the corn is suffering by a severe drouth. In some parts of the country, especially along the sea shore, and on the flats near the Connecticut and other rivers, where the soil is warm or moist, the maize is in such forwardness, that the drouth may not greatly injure it; and in a few places, the earth has been well refreshed by copious showers. But in the region of the country east and west of Albany, the corn is almost ruined beyond recovery. How far westward the drouth extends, is not certainly known, but thro' Columbia county eastward and into Berkshire, its effects are very calamitous. It seized the corn in blossom, and checked the growth. In Columbia, some forest trees and shrubs begin to wither. There is however no prospect of want: for the wheat, oats, barley and grass are remarkably abundant and collected in the best order.—In Virginia the maze is good.

In all parts of America, east of the Hudson as far as New-Hampshire, several species of trees are loaded with the nests of a small Caterpiller. This is particularly the case along the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers for several hundred miles. The tree most loaded is the wild cherry, which is in some places covered with a sheet of the webs. The other trees on which they are found, are, the apple, the ash, the willow and the hickory. But these animals do little injury, for they do not ravage the trees

from death only by an happy accident, had been much wounded, and all of them were robbed of a great part of their effects.

His Majesty is scarcely able to express by words the great shock his sentiments of justice and morality have received, and the whole force of the impression of abhorrence, which has been excited in him on the first account of this act of barbarity, committed on the territory of the German Empire, upon persons whose inviolability, was under the special guarantee of the right of nations; nor can his Majesty express the indelible impression which this disastrous catrastrophe has left in his revolted mind, which always entertains the most inviolable respect for the dignity of man, for morality and the sacred principles of the law of nations.

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We have noticed with satisfaction, in a former paper the abundance of the early summer crops. With respect to the maize and other autumnal crops, the prospects are by no means flattering. Over a great extent of the northern and middle states, the corn is suffering by a severe drouth. In some parts of the country, especially along the sea shore, and on the flats near the Connecticut and other rivers, where the soil is warm or moist, the maize is in such forwardness, that the drouth may not greatly injure it; and in a few places, the earth has been well refreshed by copious showers. But in the region of the country east and west of Albany, the corn is almost ruined beyond recovery. How far westward the drouth extends, is not certainly known, but thro' Columbia county eastward and into Berkshire, its effects are very calamitous. It seized the corn in blossom, and checked the growth. In Columbia, some forest trees and shrubs begin to wither. There is however no prospect of want: for the wheat, oats, barley and grass are remarkably abundant and collected in the best order.—In Virginia the maze is good.

In all parts of America, east of the Hudson as far as New-Hampshire, several species of trees are loaded with the nests of a small Caterpiller. This is particularly the case along the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers for several hundred miles. The tree most loaded is the wild cherry, which is in some places covered with a sheet of their webs. The other trees on which they are found, are, the apple, the ash, the willow and the hickory. But these animals do little injury, for they do not ravage the trees

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August 28.

We are happy to inform our fellow citizens, that late last evening, but ONE new case, and NO deaths, for the last 24 hours, had been reported at the health-Office.—We hope that the present cool weather will restore to our City in a short time its wonted health.

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In the month of August '98, there were 329 deaths. We are now within one day of the termination of the same month, and not more, we believe, than 30 deaths have occurred of maliganant fever. The alarm indeed that was so general some ten or twelve days past, begins to subside. The citizens had suffered so severely last summer, that on the first appearance this season, of a few cases of a Fever marked with symptoms of malignancy, they apprehended that the same dreadful scene were again to be exhibited; and they resolved at once, and very generally to abandon the seat of contagion and death, thank God, our fears have far exceeded the probabilities of danger; and upon strict and faithful scrutiny the city has been found to be AS HEALTHY AS IT EVER WAS at *this* season of the year. This we are warranted, in thus publicly and positively asserting; because we derive our information from the best and only genuine sources of authority, from all the respectable physicians in town. We do not, however, advise those citizens that have retired into the country to return.—We only state facts, which we vouch for, and leave people to judge for themselves.—It is principally with a view to counteract the injurious influence of exaggerated reports abroad, on the reputation and commerce of this city, that we make these remarks: the truth of which is fully confirmed by the pleasing report of the health committee, who informed us last evening at 8 o'clock that for the 30 hours preceding but ONE death and TWO new cases have occurred, and those so doubtful as scarcely worthy of being named. They further informed us, that they did not think it necessary to report hereafter, except it were at the end of every two or three days. We sincerely congratulate our Fellow Citizens on this flattering prospect.

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We hear that a partial action has taken place in India between the British and Tippoo Saib's army, in which the latter were defeated with the loss of several thousand men.

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C I R C U L A R.

Havanna, August 8, 1799.

S I R,

In consequence of a royal decree, just received from Madrid, the Governor has this day given orders, that no neutral vessels be permitted to enter this port; and all those that have arrived, since the 3d inst. are not as yet allowed to unload.

I lose not a moment in giving you this intelligence, for the information of the merchants of Boston. If any change takes place, I will take care to acquaint you therewith immediately.

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Your very humble servant,
JOS. M. YZNARDI.

To the Collector of the Port of Boston.

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"This moment three frigates have sailed from this island;—they have on board six hundred German soldiers, taken from Richmond-Hill here, and bound for Barbados. They have taken an equal number from all the Windward Islands. Their destination is unknown—but Guadaloupe and Surinam are spoken of.

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"We have been blessed with very fruitful Seasons, and have Prospects of a most abundant Harvest. It is believed that the present Crop of Cotton will be sufficient to load Forty stout Ships, and our Rice and Tobacco Crops promise to be universally large: So much so, that we are apprehensive of not having a sufficient Number of Vessels for carrying off this Year's Produce, unless the eastern Shipowners should be induced by the very high Freights our Market offers to send some of their Vessels to it. The Freight of Rice to London and Hamburgh is Seven Pounds Ten Shillings, and Eight Pounds Sterling per Ton; and Cotton Four Pence and Five Pence Sterling a Pound."

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—At Cranston, suddenly, Mr. *Jeremiah King*.

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—In this Town, Mrs. *Rebecca Ergs*, Consort of Capt. William Ergs, sen. in the 74th Year of her Age.

—Mr. *Clark Albro*, after a long and distressing Illness, in the 57th Year of his Age. He was a worthy Man and an industrious Tradesman.'

—Mr. *Benjamin Tuell*, in the 50th Year of his Age.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm.

1799.

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29	68	72			SW.	Fair.	Rain.
30	71	77		W.	SE.	Fair.	Fair.
31	68	72			ESE.	Fair.	Fair.
SEPTEMBER.							
1	70½	71		ESE.	SE.	Rainy.	Rain.
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C U S T O M - H O U S E,

District of NEWPORT, Sept. 2.

ENTERED,	*From*
Brig Polly, Bennett,	New-York
Sloop George, Bennett,	Ditto
—— Eliza, Bliss,	Ditto
Schooner Corziah, Topham,	Cape-Francois
Sloop Betsy, Cole,	Hudson
CLEARED,	*For*
Brig Nancy, Mosher,	New-Providence
Sloop Two Sisters, Earl,	New-York
Sloop Neptune, Gibbs,	Havanna
Sloop Venus, Ormsbe,	Africa
Snow Fair Eliza, Littlefield,	Ditto
Sloop Sally, Spencer,	Norfolk
Sloop Union, Hathaway,	Alexandria

SHERRY WINE FOR SALE.

SHERRY WINE, of a superior Quality, is now landing from on board the Brigantine Hannah, J. Norris, Master, from Cadiz, at Mr. Robert Stevens's Wharf.

Newport, Sept. 3, 1799.

TWENTY Pipes high Proof BRANDY, just arrived, and for Sale, by

GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, June 24, 1799.

FIRE-WOOD.

WANTED about Twenty Cords of Oak—Ten Cords of Hickory, or Nut-Wood—and One Hundred Bushels of Charcoal:—Any Person willing to contract for the same, to be delivered on the Shore where the Subscriber lives, are desired to make Application.

SAMUEL MELAM.

Portsmouth, 31st, August, 1799.

ETHAN CLARKE

HAS FOR SALE,

A few Pipes of excellent Cogniac Brandy; Claret Wine in Boxes of 2 Dozen in a Box; Bottled Porter and Brown Stout in Casks; Molasses and New-England Rum, by Hogshead; and Anchors, &c. as usual.

Newport, Sept. 2, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

A young Horse, suitable for the Saddle or Carriage, with a good Chaise and a Cow which at present gives considerable Milk. Apply to JOHN CAUSSIN, Esq. in the House fronting Mr. Tilley's Rope-Walk.

Newport, Sept. 3, 1799.

Rhode-Island District.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. Benjamin Bourn, Esq; Judge of the District Court for Rhode-Island District—

Notice is hereby given to all Persons concerned, that a Libel is filed in said Court by David L. Barnes, Esq; Attorney of the United States for said District of Rhode-Island, against the Sloop Ranger, of Newport, for having been fitted, equipped, and employed, in transporting Slaves from the Coast of Africa to the West-Indies, contrary to the Statute of the United States in such Case made and provided; and that Trial will be had upon said Libel at a special District Court to be holden at Bristol, within said District, on Monday the seventh Day of October next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

WILLIAM PECK, *Marshal.*

Newport, August 31st, 1799.

STATE OF RHODE-ISLAND, &c.

☞ *TAKE NOTICE!*

THE Court of Probate of Little-Compton having allowed Six Months longer to settle the Estate *ISAAC WOODMAN*, late of said Town, Mariner, deceased—therefore all Persons who have any Demands, are desired to call and receive Payment, and those indebted to make immediate Payment to

SARAH WOODMAN, *Executrix.*

Little-Compton, 8th Aug. 1799.

THE Creditors to the Estate of JACOB ADAMS, late of Newport, deceased, are hereby notified to call on the Subscriber for the Payment of their several Dividends, on Account of their Claims rendered to the Commissioners, as soon as may be, being now ready to attend that Business.

MERCY ADAMS, *Administratrix.*

Newport, Sept. 2, 1799.

ALL Persons having any Demands against the Estate of NATHANIEL SMITH, late of Newport, deceased, are requested to bring them in to the Subscriber for Settlement; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment to

ELIZABETH SMITH, *Administratrix.*

Newport, Sept. 2, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 9th September next, at 2 o'Clock, P. M. on the Premises,

A two-story Dwelling House 28 by 26 Feet, having a good Well of Water, with a Blacksmith's Shop and Tools, and one Acre of good Land fronting Easton's Pond, about 80 Rods from Howland's Ferry, the Property of Elizabeth Devol.

August 21, 1799.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.

Have just received, via New York, a fresh Assortment of genuine DRUGS, MEDICINES, and PAINTERS' COLOURS, which they are now selling cheap for Cash or approved Credit, at their Store in Thames-street.

August 16, 1799.

FOR SALE,

BEST English GUNPOWDER, COARSE and FINE, per Hundred or less Quantity, by

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

beyond the limits of their nests; and the apple trees over New-England, are loaded with fruit. The grasshoppers abound as usual in dry seasons. They are, in some places as numerous as the blades of grass. They have compelled the farmer, in some cases, to reap his wheat prematurely. In a few places they have stripped the fields of herbage and eaten the ears of corn, but the damage by them is not yet very considerable.

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SEPTEMBER.									
1	70½	71		ESE.		SE.	Rainy.		Rain.
2	71½	78		SW.		W.	Fair.		Fair.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, Sept. 2.

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Brig Polly, Bennett,	New-York
Sloop George, Bennett,	Ditto
—— Eliza, Bliss,	Ditto
Schooner Curziah, Topham,	Cape-Francois
Sloop Betsy, Cole,	Hudson
CLEARED,	*For*
Brig Nancy, Mosher,	New-Providence
Sloop Two Sisters, Earl,	New-York
Sloop Neptune, Gibbs,	Havanna
Sloop Venus, Ormsbe,	Africa
Snow Fair Eliza, Littlefield,	Ditto
Sloop Sally, Spencer,	Norfolk
Sloop Union, Hathaway,	Alexandria

SHERRY WINE FOR SALE.

SHERRY WINE, of a superior Quality, is now landing from on board the Brigantine Hannah, J. Norris, Master, from Cadiz, at Mr. Robert Stevens's Wharf.

Newport, Sept. 3, 1799.

TWENTY Pipes high Proof BRANDY, just arrived, and for Sale, by

GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, June 24, 1799.

FIRE-WOOD.

WANTED about Twenty Cords of Oak—Ten Cords of Hickory, or Nut-Wood—and One Hundred Bushels of Charcoal:—Any Person willing to contract for the same, to be delivered on the Shore where the Subscriber lives, are desired to make Application.

SAMUEL ELAM.

Portsmouth, 31st, August, 1799.

ETHAN CLARKE

HAS FOR SALE,

A few Pipes of excellent Cogniac Brandy; Claret Wine in Boxes of 2 Dozen in a Box; Bottled Porter and Brown Stout in Casks; Molasses and New-England Rum, by Hogshead; and Anchors, &c. as usual.

Newport, Sept. 2, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

A young Horse, suitable for the Saddle or Carriage, with a good Chaise and a Cow which at present gives considerable Milk. Apply to JOHN CAUSSIN in the House fronting Mr. Tilley's Rope Walk.

Newport, Sept. 3, 1799.

Rhode-Island District.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. Benjamin Bourn, Esq; Judge of the District Court for Rhode-Island District—

Notice is hereby given to all Persons concerned, that a Libel is filed in said Court by David L. Barnes, Esq; Attorney of the United States for said District of Rhode-Island, against the Sloop Ranger, of Newport, for having been fitted, equipped, and employed, in transporting Slaves from the Coast of Africa to the West-Indies, contrary to the Statute of the United States in such Case made and provided; and that Trial will be had upon said Libel at a special District Court to be holden at Bristol, within said District, on Monday the seventh Day of October next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

WILLIAM PECK, *Marshal.*

Newport, August 31st, 1799.

STATE OF RHODE-ISLAND, &c.

☞ *TAKE NOTICE!*

THE Court of Probate of Little-Compton having allowed Six Months longer to settle the Estate *ISAAC WOODMAN*, late of said Town, Mariner, deceased—therefore all Persons who have any Demands, are desired to call and receive Payment, and those indebted to make immediate Payment to

SARAH WOODMAN, *Executrix.*

Little-Compton, 8th Aug. 1799.

THE Creditors to the Estate of JACOB ADAMS, late of Newport, deceased, are hereby notified to call on the Subscriber for the Payment of their several Dividends, on Account of their Claims rendered to the Commissioners, as soon as may be, being now ready to attend that Business.

MERCY ADAMS, *Administratrix.*

Newport, Sept. 2, 1799.

ALL Persons having any Demands against the Estate of NATHANIEL SMITH, late of Newport, deceased, are requested to bring them in to the Subscriber for Settlement; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment to

ELIZABETH SMITH, *Administratrix.*

Newport, Sept. 2, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 9th September next, at 2 o'Clock, P. M. on the Premises,

A two-story Dwelling House 28 by 26 Feet, having a good Well of Water, with a Blacksmith's Shop and Tools, and one Acre of good Land, situate in Tiverton, about 80 Rods from Howland's Ferry, the Property of Elizabeth Devol.

August 21, 1799.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.

Have just received, via New-York, a fresh Assortment of genuine DRUGS, MEDICINES, and PAINTERS' COLOURS, which they are now selling cheap for Cash or approved Credit, at their Store in Thames-street.

August 8, 1799.

FOR SALE,

BEST English GUNPOWDER, COARSE and FINE, per Hundred or less Quantity, by

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

THE GOOD THING.

THE *Good Things* of life, if to all we ſhould look,
Would ſwell our poor ballad quite up to a book;
The mere calls of nature contraſted are ſmall,
'Tis greedy ambition that graſps at them all;
Then keep within bounds and limit the ring,
And Contentment you'll find is a very *good thing*.

A competent income, enough to ſupply,
All we want, or can modeſtly wiſh to enjoy,
Is a very *good thing*, with ſufficient in ſtore
To relieve modeſt merit or give to the poor;
No matter though fortune denies her full ſwing,
Enough and to ſpare, is a very *good thing*.

The Parſon himſelf, who holds ſelf denial,
As a very *good thing*, when prov'd in the trial,
That by loſing the world we gain the grand prize!
Neglected by fools, tho' the wiſh of the wiſe;
Tho' money he ſays *is of evil the ſpring*,
Will grant a good living's a very *good thing*.

When plied with good liquors your Poet will ſing,
Ambitious of ſoaring aloof on the wing,
Still aiming at riſing in fancy ſublime,
To catch nothing leſs than the laurel in time,
Then carrols away, like a bird in the ſpring,
That a butt of old ſack is a very *good thing*.

Our Lawyers and Doctors in one point agree,
The marrow of practice lies all in the fee;
Both Clients and Patients may find out the cauſe,
When Phyſic has drench'd 'em, or drain'd by the laws;
The fee to the palm ſo attractive will cling
Your ſenſitive touch is a very *good thing*.

With rev'rence an authoriz'd paſſage we bring,
"*He that hath a good wife, has got a good thing.*"
And the proverb ſays plainly, "*A wife in her ſhift,*
"*Is allowed on all hands as a heav'nly gift:*"
To the queen of good wives then ſtrike ev'ry ſtring;
Ye Bards, a good wife has a very *good thing*.

But of all the *good things* while in life we exiſt,
The bleſſing of health ſtands the firſt on the liſt;
All orders of men will ſubſcribe to the teſt,
That 'tis health, florid health, ſurpaſſes the reſt,
Then granting good Health ſuch a very *good thing*,
Let us wiſh it to all from Peaſant to King.

GLEANINGS,
FROM LATE LONDON PAPERS.

The Pacha of Acre has promiſed to ſend Buonaparte's head to Conſtantinople; but the Gallic General it ſeems, has that head ſo full of other concerns that he cannot ſpare it.

The people of Paris are now clamorous for Peace. It cannot more effectually be expedited than by General Suwaroff negociating it in *his own way*.

Thoſe who were impatient to know the contents of Mr. Pitt's *Budget*, will ſpeedily be gratified with a *Secret worth knowing*!

A profuſion of *green feathers* coming ſuddenly into the circle of St. James's, at firſt excited ſurprize, till it was obſerved they decorated the head dreſs of the Ducheſs of Gordon, who can give to all colours *loyalty*, and to loyalty itſelf, irreſiſtable faſcination!

Waiſts are lengthening daily; and powder, with high Feathers, adorn the heads of our leading Beauties.

The Directory are now in poſſeſſion of the *Brains* of Voltaire, from the contemplation of which they have not been able to add to their native ſtore of *infidelity*, *miſchief* and *cunning*!

The *Thief* who ſtole the Silver *Mace*, from Whitehall is ſuſpected to be the ſame rogue that purloined the *Great Seal*—a man that like ſome others, muſt have an *incurable itching* for the *Enſigns of Office*.

The expectations of the Public are wound to the higheſt pitch reſpecting Mr. Sheridan's New Play; nor will theſe expectations be diſappointed if they can be gratified by a moſt wonderful union of *Tragedy*, *Comedy*, *Opera*, *Proceſſion*, *Pantomime*, and of every thing that can *elevate and ſurprize*!

The French ſay, that almoſt the whole of the Archduke Charles's troops have been taken from the tail of the *Plough*. We rather imagine they have been taken from the *Barn*, by the *Threſhing* they have given the Enemy.

The Ladies of the *Irish Flannel Corps* are beginning to reſume the *thin muslins*, for the gratification of the admirers of *Tranſparent Views*.

The *half-boot* begins to give place to a ſort of fanciful *buskin*, which the *frugal* fair ſport in various colours, and which hides the provoking defects of legs and ſtockings.

A poor woman was killed at Barnley on Thurſday, owing to the wind blowing her petticoats into the machinery of a cotton mill, by which ſhe was literally torn to pieces. She has left five infant children.

On Tueſday, Mr. Shaw, Tryer of the Malton Courſing Meeting, won his match againſt time over Hambleton Plain. He rode 60 miles, on three different horſes in two hours and 51 minutes, having nine minutes to ſpare.

The new *Bonnet au Repentir* could not come in better time. It is, no doubt, to ſhade the *bluſhes* of the numerous Ladies who have been lately put on the *divorced liſt*, and whoſe private amuſements have really impeded the progreſs of public buſineſs in Parliament.

The backwardneſs of the preſent Summer recalls the witticiſm of Quin, who being aſked when he remembered ſuch a *Summer* as this, replied, "laſt *Winter*."

TO BE SOLD,

THE Houſe, Garden and Meadow of the Subſcriber, with a ſmall Lot and convenient Stable, &c. thereon; alſo ſeveral other ſmall Buildings, the whole in Front of Broad-ſtreet, commanding a conſiderable large and pleaſant Proſpect, the Situation airy and healthy, being well ſupplied with good Water.

JOB CHALONER.

Newport, 3d Month, 25th, 1799.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Beſt London White Lead.
Spaniſh Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigreaſe, Pruſſian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Lethargé, White Vitrol.
Painter's Bruſhes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Bruſhes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varniſh.
Black Ditto.
Window Glaſs & Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.

By ſending the Dimenſions of a Houſe, Room, Veſſel, &c. &c. their diſtant Cuſtomers may be ſupplied with a ſufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, at the ſhorteſt Notice, with Directions to uſe them.

Newport, May 24, 1799.

SAMUEL F. GARDNER,

Has for SALE, at his Store on the South Side of the RED MARKET,

A Handſome Aſſortment of Engliſh and India Goods; Hyſon, Souchong, and Bohea Teas, by the Dozen or Pound; Raiſins by the Jar or Caſk; Chocolate, Nutmegs, Alſpice, and other Spices; Sugar by Box or Barrel; Moſaſſes by Hogſhead or Gallon; Weſt-India and New-England Rum by Hogſhead or Gallon; Porter by Caſk or Dozen; Flour by Barrel; Rice by Caſk; 600 Buſhels Salt; 120 Quintals of dried Codfiſh; Soap by the Box; Paper by the Ream; Starch by the Hundred or Pound; Sole Leather by the Hundred Weight, or Side, and Calfſkins; a Variety of Cutlery and Hardware; a good Aſſortment of Iron Ware and Nails; Cotton; Cheeſe; Coffee; and a Variety of other Articles, too numerous to be detailed within the Limits of an Advertiſement.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs his Friends and others, that he has removed to the Eaſt Side of Thames-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. Robert Stevens's, where he continues his Buſineſs as uſual, and has at preſent on Hand,

A HANDSOME Aſſortment of GOODS, which he will ſell at a reaſonable Rate.

Alſo, beſt clean Turk's-Iſland SALT, by Hundred Buſhel, or leſs Quantity.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, 29th April, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Wholeſale Stores on Mr. Langley's Wharf,

BOURDEAUX, Alicant, and Spaniſh Brandy; Jamaica Spirits; Weſt-India and New-England Rum; beſt Holland Geneva; Madeira, Sherry, Liſbon, and Malaga Wines; Loaf, powdered, and Crown Sugars; Souchong and Gunpowder Teas; Nutmegs; Mace; Cinnamon; Cloves; Ginger; Pepper; Pimento; Molaſſes; Chocolate; New-York Soap; Freſh Raiſins; Starch, &c. &c. &c.

A L S O,

A complete Aſſortment of CROCKERY WARE, in Crates; German Steel and Sheet Lead by the Cwt. and a conſtant Supply of Superfine & Common FLOUR, by the Quantity or Barrel.

The above Articles will be ſold at the loweſt Rates, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms, to Shopkeepers.

Newport, 13th Aug. 1799.

TO BE SOLD, BY
JOSEPH LYON,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Barrels Tar; 20 Barrels Pitch, and 60,000 North-Carolina Cedar Shingles.

Newport, 6th May, 1799.

JOHN F. TOWNSEND

Has taken for the Summer, the Store of Mr. Thomas Howland, in Thames-ſtreet, where he has for Sale,

A handſome Aſſortment of Oil-Cloths; 7-8 and 4-4 Iriſh Linens; coarſe India Muſlins; Shirting Checks; 4-4, 9-8 and 5-4 Purple and Chintz Shawls; Calicoes and Chintzes; Durants; Calamancoes and Ruſſellets; Luteſtrings; Jaconet and Book 4-4, 9-4 and 6-4 Muſlins; Pack Pins; colour'd and white Threads; Broadcloths, &c. &c. &c. He intends leaving this Place ſhortly, and will ſell them low.

Newport, August 12, 1799.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Baniſter's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceaſed, where he has for Sale the foling Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Muſtard; Codfiſh; an Aſſortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Ink-ſtands; Decanters, Wine Glaſſes, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Bruſhes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Caſes of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Cheſt Locks; Braſs Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouſe Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Bruſhes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fiſhing-Lines; Fiſh-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fiſhing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Drawing-Knives; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Caſk, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

BENJAMIN HILL

Reſpectfully informs his old Cuſtomers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Meſſrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has

AN Aſſortment of WEST-INDIA GOODS, cheap for Caſh.

He alſo continues his BAKING BUSINESS as uſual, on the Wharf below his Houſe—where any Merchant or Captain of Veſſel may be ſupplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the ſhorteſt Notice.

Newport, Aug. 27, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store on Baniſter's Wharf,

A General Aſſortment of GROCERIES, of the firſt Quality.

Captains of Veſſels and others ſupplied with SEA-STORES, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

Thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may rely upon ſupplying themſelves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reaſonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his ſincere Thanks to his Cuſtomers and the Public for paſt, and ſolicits future Favours.

Newport, April 29, 1799.

☞ TAKE NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Eleven o'Clock, *A. M.* on the *Tenth* Day of next September *(if not ſold before at private Sale)* at the Store of the Subſcribers, in Newport,

A VALUABLE ESTATE, *ſituate* in *Jamestown*, lately the Property of Benjamin Ellery, Eſq; deceaſed, now occupied by Mr. John Remington, and conſiſting of a large convenient FERRY-HOUSE, built a few Years ago of the beſt Materials, with about *Four* Acres of good Land adjoining it, a Ferry-Boat, and a Wharf.—The Boat has a new Suit of Sails, her Rigging is good, and ſhe is in excellent Order. The above-mentioned Property will be ſold together with the Privilege of the FERRY belonging to it, upon the following Terms, namely—*One Third* of the purchaſe Money to be paid on the Execution of a Deed of it, *One Third* in *eight* Months, and *One Third* in *fourteen* Months, with Intereſt from the Day of Sale. The two laſt Payments to be ſecured, by *approved* endorſed Notes, made payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland.

A good Title will be given to the Purchaſer of the Premiſes, and it is preſumed no one will bid for them who cannot give the Notes required.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

Newport, August 17, 1799.

CINCINNATI.

A general Attendance of the Members of the Society of CINCINNATI, of the State of Rhode-Iſland, is requeſted at their adjourned Meeting, to be holden in the Senate Chamber of the State-Houſe in Providence, on Thurſday the 5th of September, 8 o'Clock, A. M.

ROBERT ROGERS, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, Aug. 20, 1799.

W A N T E D,

As APPRENTICES to the Rope-Making Buſineſs,

TWO or Three ſmart, active LADS, about 15 or 16 Years of Age.—To whom good Encouragement will be given, by

WM. and JOHN TILLEY.

Newport, August 19, 1799.

WANTED in the Service of the United States, on board the Frigate General Greene—A Carpenter—Maſter at Arms—and Ship's Steward.——None need apply, that cannot be well recommended.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, Eſq. Commander,

JOSHUA BLAKE.

General Greene, 12th August, 1799.

REMOVAL.

TIMOTHY R. PECKHAM,

HAIR-DRESSER,

TAKES this Method to acquaint his Cuſtomers and others, that he has removed from the Shop he improved, near the State-Houſe, to the one on the South Side of the Parade, next Weſtward of the BANK, now occupied by his Brother, *Jeremiah Peckham*;—Where thoſe who may pleaſe to viſit their Shop, may depend upon being waited on with Pleaſure and Deſpatch.

Newport, July 1, 1799.

DESERTED from the Hoſpital, on Coaſters-Harbour, Rhode-Iſland.

BARNEY WHIPPLE, 5 Feet 10½ Inches high, a ſtout, well made Man, light Complexion, blue Eyes, dark ſhort Hair, belongs to Attleborough, Maſſachuſetts, ſuppoſed to have been enticed away by the others, 29 Years of Age.

OLIVER H. WILLIAMSON, Mariner, from Infield, Connecticut, aged 40 Years, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, light Complexion, has the Appearance of a Fever upon him, grey Eyes, brown Hair.

JOHN PUTNAM, alias TRASK, a notorious Villain, lately taken from Providence Gaol; he is 32 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, light Complexion and Sand Hair, originally from Windſor, Vermont.

ROBERT COLESON, of New-York, an Engliſhman by Birth, 28 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 11½ Inches high, ſhort Sandy Hair, and remarkable large red Whiſkers, marked with the Small-Pox.

For each of the above, a Reward of TWENTY DOLLARS will be given, and all neceſſary Charges paid.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, Eſquire, Commander of the United States Ship General Greene.

JOSHUA BLAKE.

Tuesday Morning, 30th July, 1799.

WANTED to hire a couple of Chambers. Inquire of the Printer.

THE GOOD THING.

THE *Good Things* of life, if to all we ſhould look,
Would ſwell our poor ballad quite up to a book;
The mere calls of nature contraſted are ſmall,
'Tis greedy ambition that graſps at them all;
Then keep within bounds and limit the ring,
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A competent income, enough to ſupply,
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JOB CHALONER.

Newport, 3d Month, 25th, 1799.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Beſt London White Lead.
Spaniſh Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigreaſe, Pruſſian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Letharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Bruſhes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Bruſhes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varniſh.
Black Ditto.
Window Glaſs & Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.

By ſending the Dimenſions of a Houſe, Room, Veſſel, &c. &c. their diſtant Cuſtomers may be ſupplied with a ſufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, at the ſhorteſt Notice, with Directions to uſe them.

Newport, May 24, 1799.

SAMUEL F. GARDNER,

Has for SALE, at his Store on the South Side of the RED MARKET,

A Handſome Aſſortment of Engliſh and India Goods; Hyſon, Souchong, and Bohea Teas, by the Dozen or Pound; Raiſins by the Jar or Caſk; Chocolate, Nutmegs, Alſpice, and other Spices; Sugar by Box or Barrel; Molaſſes by Hogſhead or Gallon; Weſt-India and New-England Rum by Hogſhead or Gallon; Porter by Caſk or Dozen; Flour by Barrel; Rice by Caſk; 600 Buſhels Salt; 120 Quintals of dried Codfiſh; Soap by the Box; Paper by the Ream; Starch by the Hundred or Pound; Sole Leather by the Hundred Weight, or Side, and Calf-ſkins; a Variety of Cutlery and Hardware; a good Aſſortment of Iron Ware and Nails; Cotton; Cheeſe; Coffee; and a Variety of other Articles, too numerous to be detailed within the Limits of an Advertiſement.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs his Friends and others, that he has removed to the Eaſt Side of Thames-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. Robert Stevens's, where he continues his Buſineſs as uſual, and has at preſent on Hand,

A HANDSOME Aſſortment of GOODS, which he will ſell at a reaſonable Rate.

Alſo, beſt clean Turk's-Iſland SALT, by Hundred Buſhel, or leſs Quantity.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, 29th April, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Wholeſale Stores on Mr. Langley's Wharf,

BOURDEAUX, Alicant, and Spaniſh Brandy; Jamaica Spirits; Weſt-India and New-England Rum; beſt Holland Geneva; Madeira, Sherry, Liſbon, and Malaga Wines; Loaf, powdered, and Crown Sugars; Souchong and Gunpowder Teas; Nutmegs, Mace; Cinnamon; loves; Ginger; Pepper; Pimento; Molaſſes; Chocolate; New-York Soap; Freſh Raiſins; Starch, &c. &c. &c.

A L S O,

A complete Aſſortment of CROCKERY WARE, in Crates; German Steel and Sheet Lead by the Cwt. and a conſtant Supply of Superfine & Common FLOUR, by the Quantity or Barrel.

The above Articles will be ſold at the loweſt Rates, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms, to Shopkeepers.

Newport, 13th Aug. 1799.

TO BE SOLD, BY
JOSEPH LYON,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Barrels Tar; 20 Barrels Pitch, and 60,000 North-Carolina Cedar Shingles.

Newport, 6th May, 1799.

JOHN F. TOWNSEND

Has taken for the Summer, the Store of Mr. Thomas Howland, in Thames-ſtreet, where he has for Sale,

A handſome Aſſortment of Oil-Cloths; 7-8 and 4-4 Iriſh Linens; coarſe India Muſlins; Shirting Checks; 4-4, 9-8 and 5-4 Purple and Chintz Shawls; Calicoes and Chintzes; Durants; Calamancoes and Ruſſellets; Luteſtrings; Jaconet and Book 4-4, 9-4 and 6.4 Muſlins; Pack Pins; colour'd and white Threads; Broadcloths, &c. &c. &c. He intends leaving this Place ſhortly, and will ſell them low.

Newport, August 12, 1799.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Baniſter's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceaſed, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Muſtard; Codfiſh; an Aſſortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Ink-ſtands; Decanters, Wine Glaſſes, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Bruſhes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Caſes of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Cheſt Locks; Braſs Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouſe Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Bruſhes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fiſhing-Lines; Fiſh-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fiſhing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Drawing-Knives; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Caſk, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

BENJAMIN HILL

Reſpectfully informs his old Cuſtomers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Meſſrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has

AN Aſſortment of WEST-INDIA GOODS, cheap for Caſh.

He alſo continues his BAKING BUSINESS as uſual, on the Wharf below his Houſe—where any Merchant or Captain of Veſſel may be ſupplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the ſhorteſt Notice.

Newport, Aug. 27, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store on Baniſter's Wharf,

A General Aſſortment of GROCERIES, of the firſt Quality.

Captains of Veſſels and others ſupplied with SEA-STORES, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

Thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may rely upon ſupplying themſelves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reaſonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his ſincere Thanks to his Cuſtomers and the Public for paſt, and ſolicits future Favours,

Newport, April 29, 1799.

☞ TAKE NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Eleven o'Clock, *A. M.* on the *Tenth* Day of next September *(if not ſold before at private Sale)* at the Store of the Subſcribers, in Newport,

A VALUABLE ESTATE, *ſituate* in *Jamestown*, lately the Property of Benjamin Ellery, Eſq; deceaſed, now occupied by Mr. John Remington, and conſiſting of a large convenient FERRY-HOUSE, built a few Years ago of the beſt Materials, with about *Four* Acres of good Land adjoining it, a Ferry-Boat, and a Wharf.—The Boat has a new Suit of Sails, her Rigging is good, and ſhe is in excellent Order. The above-mentioned Property will be ſold, together with the Privilege of the FERRY belonging to it, upon the following Terms, namely—*One Third* of the purchaſe Money to be paid on the Execution of a Deed of it, *One Third* in *eight* Months, and *One Third* in *fourteen* Months, with Intereſt from the Day of Sale. The two laſt Payments to be ſecured, by *approved* endorſed Notes, made payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland.

A good Title will be given to the Purchaſer of the Premiſes, and it is preſumed no one will bid for them who cannot give the Notes required.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

Newport, Auguſt 17, 1799.

CINCINNATI.

A general Attendance of the Members of the Society of CINCINNATI, of the State of Rhode-Iſland, is requeſted, at their adjourned Meeting, to be holden in the Senate Chamber of the State-Houſe in Providence, on Thurſday the 5th of September, 8 o'Clock, A. M.

ROBERT ROGERS, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, Aug. 20, 1799.

WANTED,

As APPRENTICES to the Rope-Making Buſineſs,

TWO or Three ſmart, active LADS, about 15 or 16 Years of Age.—To whom good Encouragement will be given, by

WM. and JOHN TILLEY.

Newport, Auguſt 19, 1799.

WANTED in the Service of the United States, on board the Frigate General Greene—A Carpenter—Maſter at Arms—and Ship's Steward.——None need apply, that cannot be well recommended.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, Eſq. Commander,

JOSHUA BLAKE.

General Greene, 12th Auguſt, 1799.

REMOVAL.

TIMOTHY R. PECKHAM,

HAIR-DRESSER,

TAKES this Method to acquaint his Cuſtomers and others, that he has removed from the Shop he improved, near the State-Houſe, to the one on the South Side of the Parade, next Weſtward of the BANK, now occupied by his Brother, *Jeremiah Peckham*;—Where thoſe who may pleaſe to viſit their Shop, may depend upon being waited on with Pleaſure and Deſpatch.

Newport, July 1, 1799.

DESERTED from the Hoſpital, on Coaſters-Harbour, Rhode-Iſland.

BARNEY WHIPPLE, 5 Feet 10½ Inches high, a ſtout, well made Man, light Complexion, blue Eyes, dark ſhort Hair, belongs to Attleborough, Maſſachuſetts, ſuppoſed to have been enticed away by the others, 29 Years of Age.

OLIVER H. WILLIAMSON, Mariner, from Inſield, Connecticut, aged 40 Years, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, light Complexion, has the Appearance of a Fever upon him, grey Eyes, brown Hair.

JOHN PUTNAM, alias TRASK, a notorious Villain, lately taken from Providence Gaol; he is 32 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, light Complexion and Sand Hair, originally from Windſor, Vermont.

ROBERT COLESON, of New-York, an Engliſhman by Birth, 28 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 11½ Inches high, ſhort Sandy Hair, and remarkable large red Whiſkers, marked with the Small-Pox.

For each of the above, a Reward of TWENTY DOLLARS will be given, and all neceſſary Charges paid.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, Eſquire, Commander of the United States Ship General Greene.

JOSHUA BLAKE.

Tuesday Morning, 30th July, 1799.

WANTED to hire a couple of Chambers. Inquire of the Printer.